

# The Crittenden Press

VOLUME XIV

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NUMBER 43

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**

### THREE ON ONE SCAFFOLD.

The Oliphant Train Robbers Pay the Penalty for Killing Conductor McNally.

Report, Ark., April 6.—The three train robbers, J. L. Wyrick, Thomas Brady and Albert Mansker, who killed Conductor W. P. McNally at Oliphant, Ark., November 3 last, were hanged here this morning. The drop fell at 7:55 o'clock, and the men were pronounced dead at 8:15. All three necks were broken.

The men spent the night in prayer and preparation for death. When they found that all hope was gone they confessed that the evidence adduced at their trial was correct, and that the story of the train robbery and murder as told by George Padgett, who turned State's evidence, was true. All three united in asserting, however, that Padgett planned the crime, drew the others into it, and then deserted them when his own neck was endangered. There was no hitch in the triple execution, which passed off smoothly.

The crime for which these men today suffered death was committed on the night of November 3, 1893. About 10 o'clock that night passenger train No. 51, on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad, was held up at Oliphant, a little flag station in Independence county, by seven masked men, who looted the express and passenger coaches. The robbers kept up a fusillade of firing all the time the robbery was being committed and conductor W. P. McNally, who bravely attempted to defend his train, was killed by a rifle bullet. About two weeks previous to the robbery half a dozen young men and well to do farmers disappeared from their homes near Bentonville. They rode ponies and were heavily armed. To their friends they said they were going to the Indian Territory to buy cattle. The names of these farmers were Albert Mansker, James L. Wyrick, O. L. Truman, George Padgett, and Pennyweight Powell and his younger brother Sam. Under the leadership of Thomas Brady, a whisky peddler from the Indian Territory, these men left their farms, families and friends to become train robbers. Brady, Mansker, Wyrick and Padgett, were arrested not long after the robbery. Padgett turned State's evidence, and is now in jail awaiting trial, at the spring term of the Jackson county circuit court. His three companions were tried in February and convicted of McNally's murder. Pennyweight Powell was captured in Denver about a month ago and is now in prison awaiting trial. O. L. Truman and Sam Powell are still fugitives from justice.

### A SEVERED LAW.

A Great Scandal Might have been Averted if it Had Existed.

The Vanceburg Sun deeply regrets that an act, such as the one printed below, was not adopted ten years ago by the Legislature.

The act reads:

"An Act to Protect Congressmen in this Commonwealth.

"Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

"Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any school girl between the ages of fifteen and twenty years, by seduction, promise of marriage, threat, intimidation or fear, to seduce any Congressman in this Commonwealth, while said Congressman is at the seat of Government in line of duty, or on board of cars going to or from the capital, or at home with his family.

Sec. 2. Any school girl within the described age, who shall willfully violate any of the provisions of sec. 1 of this act shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of having committed the highest crime against the peace and the dignity of the Commonwealth known to Kentuckians, and as a punishment for same shall be sent to the penitentiary for life, or shot or hung, or all three, at the discretion of the jury or court trying the case.

Physicians, clergymen and scientists unite in recommending Ayer's Cherry Pectoral as an invaluable remedy for throat and lung troubles.

### A CHALLENGE.

Eld. Taylor Proposes to Meet Eld. Ligon and Discuss Matters.

ELD. W. H. LIGON, SALEM, KY.,—DEAR SIR:—A gentleman handed me the March 8th, No. of the CRITTENDEN PRESS, containing your "Reply to a Baptist." I admire your candor. This you display in your avowed readiness to defend your religion. One who will not defend his religion should not be trusted with a family. I know not who "A Baptist" is; nor have I seen his piece. You ask Crittenden and Livingston counties to furnish you an opponent. I am in Livingston and feel invited to the honor.

Thirteen hundred religions are said to be deduced from the Bible. I challenge the world to furnish one to oppose my religion. You understand me to mean the religion deduced from the Bible by the Missionary Baptist. Our creeds expound our doctrines and denominationalism. To these is pledged the defense of all our people. We endorse no man, but a creed, clearly expressed we do. It is a boast of your people to recognize no creed. One of your men can, in true modesty, only engage to defend his own creed, or his individual belief.

Perhaps no religion is depraved throughout. Some good sentiment and some good people are the just boast of all. A good man should not repudiate any good. Though no two people are bound to the defense of any principle of your sect. I believe I can formulate a sentiment which the Protestant, and the Baptist and the Infidel, would all recognize as the fundamental teaching of your people, on the very soul and essence of religion—the theory of conversion. Allow me to state it, as I believe the college of your ministers understand it: A sinner, in order to become a saint, or to be saved, must first believe the gospel, the whole gospel, that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; believe it with the whole heart, trust his soul to his truth. That however long he may thus conjurally believe, if he goes no further in his experiences, he is unpardoned, unsaved. If he dies, must be damned.

Secondly, Thus believing he must repent, sincerely repent, repent of all his sins, repent towards God, heartily turn against all sin, even hunger and thirst after righteousness, may do so for an indefinite time, even all life, and if he goes no further, he is unpardoned, unsaved, lost.

Thirdly: One such must confess with the mouth, confess the Lord, confess Him before men, sincerely confess; and yet is he unpardoned, unsaved until fourthly he performs the last and final condition of salvation, is baptized in order to the remission of sin.

Now, kind sir, if this is not your theory of conversion, I ask, in the name of all Christendom, that you tell what it is. When invited to debate with one of your people we honestly understand that we are expected to deny the truth of this theory. Our ministers deny it every where. Your press and your pulpit affirm it as generally. The point is vital. If the theory is false, it is fatal. No soul can believe it and be saved. Nearly five million Baptists back me in an earnest denial of this theory. How many of your people will stand with you in affirming its truth?

This is the only point in your system which I have time and inclination to discuss. The work of debating is hard on a preacher's wardrobe and flour barrel, but I have mapped a plan to make the work of discussion equally and amply self-sustaining, so that if we engage in it like two gentlemen, the only way I have anything to do with it, we can follow it for years and yet feed our families. I'll stay with you, how long will you stay with me?

I am ready to meet you whenever you inform me we can have the meeting house. Yours truly, B. T. TAYLOR.

Smithland, Ky., April 2, 1894.

"Six days shalt thou labor," says the great lawgiver. To do good work, man must be at his best. This condition is attained by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It overcomes that tired feeling, quickens the appetite, improves digestion, and makes the weak strong.

### TEN THOUSAND ON STRIKE.

Miners in the Coking Region Begin the Fight for Higher Wages.

Those who did not Quit Voluntarily Compelled to do so by the Rioters.

Uniontown, Pa., April 9.—The big coke strike, with all its attendant rioting and destruction of property, is now in full force. This morning the call of the Scottsdale convention was obeyed by more than half the works in the coke region, and it took fully five thousand men from their work. The situation is now one of great peril throughout the coke section, and destructive outbreaks are expected at any time. The ranks of the strikers have been so reinforced this afternoon that the lowest estimates give them 10,000. From the outset the strike has been turbulent, with a tendency to open defiance of the law. There was rioting in several quarters last night. It has grown steadily worse, and today there were more serious outbreaks in this end of the field.

The greatest outbreak was at the famous Hill Farm mines, near here. This morning about four hundred foreigners from Morrill and Wheeler, of the Cambria Iron Company, armed themselves with guns, revolvers and clubs, and started out to drive the men from the neighboring plants. They first visited the Humphrey works, and finding them at work, drove the men away under the muzzles of pistols. One workman chose to stand at his post. He was given one minute to leave by a Hungarian, who covered him with a revolver. After driving the workmen away they continued their march to Anchor, where the workmen offered no resistance and immediately left the works.

The next engagement was at Hill Farm. The men were quietly at work when the mob of infuriated Huns pounced down upon them, ordering them to leave at once. Some altercations followed, when the rioters enforced their demands by an attack, in which half a dozen workmen were seriously injured. During the conflict twenty shots were fired. A negro was nearly brained by a stone, and very badly hurt. After the men had been driven away, the rioters began firing the shanties, but desisted at the frantic entreaties of the women and children. Superintendent Long, of the Hill Farm, had some of the Hungarians arrested for attempting to burn the property.

### A TOUGH HEN.

Mrs. Louella Murray Arrested on a Charge of Grand Larceny.

Princeton Banner: The arrest of Mrs. Louella Murray for grand larceny has been the sensation of the town this week. A few weeks ago she came to the city and secured employment as a servant with Mrs. Wright. She was a model meek, stronger than the average man, very industrious and thoroughly qualified for all sorts of work. Mrs. Wright frequently spoke of the jewel in her possession, and was greatly shocked to find last Saturday morning that she was gone and with her a pocket book containing \$7 or \$8, a large value full of clothes and a handsome pearl brooch left in the house by a young lady the day before.

Officer Wilson was notified and Sunday morning he started out to find her. He found her at Dulancy and undertook to arrest her. She fought him like a tiger by kicking, pounding and scratching. At last she got away from him and running to a fence, stuck her feet through it and defied him. It took three men to pull her out and two to hold up the fence while they did so. It was all the five could carry her to a wagon and she made it very interesting to her captors all the way to town. The case was called Monday morning and continued until Wednesday, when she was held to answer to the circuit court.

### Sadler Indicted and Arrested.

Nashville, Tenn., April 6.—Geo. T. Sadler, former cashier of the defunct Peoples Bank, of Guthrie, Ky., was arrested to-day in Robertson county, on a bench warrant issued by Judge Reeves, of the Circuit Court of Todd county, Ky. Last Tuesday the Todd county grand jury returned four indictments against Sadler charging him with forgery. He fled to Tennessee. The American Surety Company, of New York is prosecuting Sadler. They were on his bond for \$20,000 at the time of his default. He was about \$5,000 behind.



WHERE THE ADVANTAGE LAY.

Mrs. HENRY PECK—You think more of your typewriter than you do of your wife, sir?

POOR HENRY (meekly)—Well, no wonder. I can dictate to her!—Truth.

### KEYS THE NOMINEE.

The Populists Hold Their District Convention.

The Populists of the First Congressional District held their convention at Paducah last week and nominated Hon. Ben C. Keys for Congress.

The following is the platform adopted by the convention. We, the people's party of the First Congressional district of Kentucky, in convention assembled at Paducah, on the 3rd day of April, 1894, demand that certain specific wrongs be redressed, to-wit:

1. We demand the restoration of the silver dollar, exactly as it stood before it was demonetized by the act of February 1893. We demand that it shall have unlimited coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 of gold, not fearing that it will be too plenty for the wants of the people, and that it be made a full legal tender, believing that it is as good now with which to pay all debts, both public and private, as it was during eighty-one years of American history.

2. We demand that the country shall not be dragged through the depths of ruin, wretchedness and degradation in order to reach a gold standard for the benefit alone of the income classes.

3. We demand that the national banking system be abolished and a circulating medium provided by the government for the people, without taxing them for the privilege of obtaining it; and we further demand that the amount thus placed in circulation shall be in reasonable and judicious proportion to the business transacted and the population of the country.

4. We demand that the currency circulated on the authority of the government shall be made a full legal tender by the payment of all debts, public and private, including dues to the government, well known that it will be at par with gold and further that they, the people, shall not be discriminated against in future legislation as in the past, and that their prosperity and not the mere growth of incomes to retired capitalists shall be the primary duty of the government.

5. We demand a national graduated income tax on all incomes in excess of \$4,000.

6. We, the people's party, stand in direct opposition to the policy now being pursued by the Cleveland administration in issuing interest bearing bonds, thereby heaping still greater burdens upon labor and labor's products, when it has the same right to issue a non-interest bearing legal tender money with which to meet the obligations of the Government.

7. We believe with our Western brethren that the tariff should be levied as low as possible, but that it should be so levied as to give equal protection to the laborers in the mines, shops, mills and on the farms.

8. That we favor the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.

### NEGROES CALL A CONVENTION.

Birmingham, Ala., April 6.—William J. Stevens, colored, Chairman of the Stevens faction, or the black wing of the Republican party in Alabama, to-day issued an official call for a State Republican convention to be held in Montgomery, May, 2. The call says that the convention is for the purpose of reorganization, to ascertain the wishes of the Republican party and to determine whether or not to nominate a State ticket. The Stevens faction will support Kolb, and the other faction will take advantage of that and attempt to capture the Republican party machinery in Alabama and gain recognition from the national party leaders.

### A Tribute of Love.

Passed from earth to a more beautiful sphere, on Sunday, February 4th, 1894, Miss Lettie Humphrey, daughter of Mr. A. H. and Mrs. C. C. Humphrey, born Aug. 13, 1869, passed peacefully in Christ at the age of 17 years, and united with the Baptist church at Emmaus, where she lived a faithful member until death. She was ever found trying to do her duty, and was well respected and loved by all who knew her. A sad vacancy is noticed and felt at Emmaus, which she loved so much, and where she worshipped so much, and we are left here to wade through the trials and bereavements of earth, looking forth to the time when we shall go home to that dear one; but we are not left to ourselves; this is our faith, that the same loving hand which took our darling from our embrace is still leading and guiding us, bringing us each day nearer home and everlasting happiness.

She was a sufferer from that dread disease, consumption; she suffered greatly during her illness, but in death she had the sweet smile on her face which told that she suffered no longer. She had told them many times that her way was clear. To those who knew her sweet ways and beautiful, unselfish spirit which so fully adorned every thought and deed of her life, the whole of which was like some beautiful dream of all that is pleasant, uplifting and full of beauty and love; her ways were the ways of kindness and her paths were the paths of peace. But her days are over and she has passed to her reward, where sorrow never comes and where the true and good rejoice over the recollection of a well spent life, a life spent in doing good and making others happy. She willingly accompanied the beautiful ferryman over the river to that clime where she rests amid many joys and pleasures, with the just and good, and we shall meet her again some summer day. Truly it may be said she has only gone before. To live in the hearts of those we leave behind is not to die.

Dear parents, weep not for Lettie, but bow submissively and say, Thy will be done, oh Lord, not ours; and when the last roll is called you will meet your angel child where there is no parting. We miss thee from our home, dear, We miss thee from thy place, A shadow o'er our life is cast We miss the sunshine of thy face; We miss thy kind and willing hand. Thy fond and earnest care, Our home is dark without thee, We miss thee everywhere. Thou didst give and thou hast taken Blessed Lord, thy will be done. Etta Travis.

World's Fair Buildings Sold. Chicago, April 7.—L. C. Garrett, a Saint Louis contractor, has purchased all the big world's fair buildings from the South park commissioners for \$75,000. This excludes only the fine arts building, now the property of the Field Columbian museum, the Convent LaRabida, the two service buildings and forestry buildings. The contractor must clear the park by May 1, 1896.

Weights and Measures. The following is one of the acts passed by the last Legislature: Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky: That chapter 112, section 1, of the General Statutes be amended as follows, to-wit: Strike out in line five of said section the word "seventy," and insert in lieu thereof the word "sixty-eight," and add at end of said section the following: Orchard grass seed, 14 pounds, so that the section will read, when amended:

The following weights shall constitute a bushel of each article named, respectively: Wheat, sixty pounds. Shelled corn, fifty pounds. Corn in ear, 65 pounds. Rye, 55 pounds. Oats, 47 pounds. Irish potatoes, 60 pounds. Sweet potatoes, 55 pounds. White beans, 60 pounds. Castor beans, 55 pounds. Clover seed, 60 pounds. Timothy seed, 45 pounds. Flax seed, 55 pounds. Millet seed, 50 pounds. Penns. 60 pounds. Bluegrass seed, 14 pounds. Buckwheat, 35 pounds. Dried apples, 34 pounds. Dried peaches, 35 pounds. Onions, 57 pounds. Bottom onion sets, 36 pounds. Salt, 50 pounds. Stone coal, 76 pounds.

The term "coal" includes anthracite, cannel, bituminous and other mined coals. Beans, 20 pounds. Planting hair, 8 pounds. Turnips, 60 pounds. Unshelled lime, 30 pounds. Corn meal, 50 pounds. Fine salt, 55 pounds. Hungarian grass seed, 50 pounds. Ground peas, 24 pounds. Orchard grass seed, 14 pounds. English grass seed, 14 pounds.

TAX BACHELORS. The Matrimonial Market Would be Boomed and Commerce Benefitted.

We commend the suggestion recently offered by a Baltimore woman to the effect that a tax should be levied on bachelors. There is something in this proposition that commends itself to the judicial mind. It does not, for instance, attack a social class. It makes no discrimination between the rich and the poor. The idea is to tax every bachelor who can not show that he is unable to marry because of having to support dependent relatives to the extent of \$10 per annum. The estimate is that there are 6,000,000 of marriageable bachelors in the United States, and that at least 4,000,000 of these have no valid excuse for their selfish and useless condition.

A tax of \$10 per capita, therefore, would yield \$40,000,000. It could be collected without much expense. It would do no great harm and would have the merit of providing its own remedy for those who felt unwilling to pay. If it accomplished nothing else it would communicate a powerful boom to the matrimonial market, and so, for every \$10 that the government lost, put at least \$100 into general circulation. It might, to be sure, divert some of those thin but noisy little rills that run to ice cream, soda water, steamed oysters, etc., but it would be all the better for the butcher, baker and grocer.

And though under such dispensation the American youth might not be on the yoke of Hymen rather than be taxed as a renegade to that rosy deity, and though government might thus be compelled to seek disavowal for a revenue the devotion would so fill the land with new activity, so load the air with the perfume of paragon, and so inter through the parks and sidewalks with nursemaids that the whole nation would feel the impulse and all mankind be made the happier and better through its influence. Either the treasurer would get a revenue or society be purified and population stimulated.

The real cause of the commercial depression is want of confidence, the hoarding of money, stagnation in trade, and dearth of investment, but with 4,000,000 of new brides moving into new quarters, setting up independent establishments and preparing for the responsibilities of wedlock the wheels of industry will once more begin to hum.—Washington Post.

## CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARLEY, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colds, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Eruption, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEN, M. D., 126th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## Lend Us Your Ear

While we proceed to disclose to you that we have just received and placed in stock the

**Largest Prettiest Most**

**Stylish and Cheapest**

**Lot of Clothing**

**SHOES, DRY GOODS, HATS, NOTIONS,**

for the spring trade ever brought to **CAVE-IN-ROCK, ILLS.** Our goods are all bought for **SPOT CASH**, in the best market of the country, and by buying them just at the time the recent decline on several lines of goods was at the lowest, we saved from 10 to 25 per cent. on our purchases which we are willing to give our patrons the benefit of. Our store is now chuck full in every department. In

**DRESS GOODS,**

We have all the nicest and latest colors in Henriettas, Serges etc., with trimmings etc to match. Also Satens, Ginghams, Flannelets, Prints etc., in endless profusion. We are better prepared than ever before to fit you up in a

**Suit of Clothes.**

We have all the standard fabrics, all wool cassimers, worsteds and chevots; in square-cuts, sacks and frocks, in beautiful colors and patterns, and at prices that acknowledge no competition. Our line of

**Hamilton-Brown Custom Made Shoes**

are the best in the the world, and every pair guaranteed.

**REMEMBER** in Groceries we always keep the very best and sell cheaper than the cheapest. Also remember we sell strictly for cash or produce, thereby you do not have to help pay dead beat accounts as when trading with those who do a credit business.

## Ozment & Holderman,

IN JOHN GOODWIN STORE ROOM.

## Cave-in-Rock, Ills.

SOUTH CAROLINA AT PEACE.

Troops Called Back From Darlington and Relieved from Service.

Columbia, S. C., April 6.—South Carolina is again at peace, after the stirring and warlike happenings of the last week. The State troops withdrawn from Darlington arrived here this afternoon. Gov. Tillman addressed them briefly, commending and thanking them. There was nothing sensational or wild in his remarks. The spy McLendon, who is regarded as the cause of all the trouble, was a spectator. He was guarded by militiamen. Gov. Tillman is already preparing an application for bail for McLendon and Cain, who were found at the inequest responsible for the killing.

Mayor Ficken, of Charleston, conferred with Gov. Tillman to-day concerning the Governor's proclamation assuming control of the police to carry out the dispensary law. Gov. Tillman, in speaking of their interview to-night, said: "I asked him to consult with his Chief of Police. I do not want to disorganize present forces. I do not intend to have any more dodging or hesitating in enforcing the law. I have had an understanding which is likely to prevent further friction in Charleston. I may have to use more than moral pressure in some places, but I do not wish to interfere anywhere. There are places where I shall ask for removals and satisfaction of other men, as I know some are not fit to carry out the law."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

**Health Restored**

**ALL RUN DOWN**  
**No Strength nor Energy**  
**Miserable**  
**IN THE**  
**EXTREME**  
**Hands**  
**COVERED**  
**with**  
**SORES.**

**CURED BY USING**  
**Ayer's Sarsaparilla**

"Several years ago, my blood was in bad condition, my system all run down, and my general health very much impaired. My hands were covered with large sores, discharging all the time. I had no strength nor energy and my feelings were miserable in the extreme. At last, I commenced taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla and soon noticed a change for the better. My appetite returned and with it, renewed strength. Encouraged by these results, I kept on taking the Sarsaparilla, till I had used six bottles, and my health was restored."—A. A. TOWN, prop. Harris House, Thompson, N. Dak.

**The Only Sarsaparilla**  
Admitted  
**AT THE WORLD'S FAIR**  
See the World's Fair Fifteen Cents.

Upon the receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition, the regular price is fifty cents, but as we want you to have one we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address

H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, Ill.



# THE PRESS.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR - ONE DOLLAR.

## FOR CONGRESS.

We are authorized to announce JOHN K. HENDRICKS, as a candidate for Congress, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JOHN W. SKELTON as a candidate for Congress, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce THOS. L. CHAMPION as a candidate for Jailer of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce BEN F. McMILLAN as a candidate for Jailer of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## FOR ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce J. F. FLANARY as a candidate for Assessor, subject to the action of the Republican party.

## COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce J. W. BLUE, JR., as a candidate for County Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## JOHN T. FRANKS

is a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Crittenden county, election November 1894. He will greatly appreciate your vote and influence. His past record is the best guarantee of the future he has to offer.

Harmony is the watch-word of the local Democracy.

The colored voter will occupy his well known seat—a rear pew.

The negroes in Alabama are breaking away from their white Republican allies.

It is said that the Third party will have a full ticket in the field for county offices.

The war is over in South Carolina and the State is still in possession of the bar rooms.

The Senate is discussing the tariff bill this week, and the country is discussing the Senate.

The Republican ticket is composed of good men. There is nothing short about them but their politics.

The colored voter, as well as the ex-soldier, was not known in the recent Republican county committee meeting.

The recent elections were Democratic reverses. Such they should be until the representatives at Washington do their duty.

The Massachusetts Senate killed a bill granting municipal suffrage to women, while the Iowa Senate passed the House bill granting this privilege.

Union county is again without a sheriff. That abolitionism, the old railroad tax on Caseyville and Lind's precincts, is responsible for the vacancy.

Who will be the Republican lamb for the Congressional after this fall? Crittenden furnished the material for the two last sacrifices, and she is no hog.

The railroads running east from St. Louis refused to transport the western contingent of Coxey's army. Two hundred of the men refused work at \$1.50 per day.

That Republican convention Saturday is probably responsible for this miserable weather. Wait till the Democratic band wagon begins to move the first Saturday in May and the clouds will drift away.

The Governor of South Carolina wants the Democrats and Populists of the South to unite on a free-conage platform. He is a fire-eating cuss, and his "wants" are not likely to materialize.

The truth is, gentlemen, the Democrats of Crittenden county have elected an ex-Federal soldier to office twice, while the Republicans have remembered him in that way only one time. Facts are facts, and gas is gas.

The little son of Sherman Clark was kicked on the head by a horse Thursday and severely wounded. While in the lot where the horse was, the little fellow went near the heels of the animal and struck it with a switch, and a kick in the face was the result. The little fellow will get well.

The Master Commissioner of the Franklin Circuit Court has filed a report in the cases of the state against the bondsmen of Dick Tate. The report is considered a victory for the State, though some points of law are to be passed upon by the courts. According to the report the state can, under certain conditions, recover \$74,936.59.

Judge Caldwell, of the United States Circuit Court, at Omaha, in a recent decision on the Union Pacific wage schedule contests holds that "organized labor is organized capital; it is capital consisting of brain and muscle." The Union Pacific is restrained from modifying its wage schedule.

## PRINCETON PRESBYTERY.

TUESDAY, APRIL 3, 1894.

The Elders and Deacons Association met Tuesday morning at ten o'clock.

Elder W. P. Black, of Bethlehem, called the house to order. The programme of the day was read and some interesting remarks were made by the chairman in regard to the free discussion of the topics of the programme.

The subject of home missions in Princeton Presbytery was discussed. It was claimed that home missions ought to begin in individual congregations, in trying to bring the unconverted to Christ.

The churches without pastors were considered an important feature of home mission work.

The question of a settled pastor for each congregation was discussed very fully. The benefits of a settled pastor was shown in the fact that he could feed his members regularly on spiritual food, could visit the members more, could be in the Sunday school and prayer meeting.

Elder Eli Nichols discussed the question, "How can one weak or two strong congregations support the pastor?" He said that if church members could realize their sacred vows as church members and their responsibility as stewards of God, they could easily support a pastor.

Bro. C. E. C. Travis said that a pastor could be supported by every member of the church loving the pastor and contribute food, clothing, or any article that may be used.

Bro. J. S. Green said that we needed more of the Holy Spirit. If we were full of the love of God we could support the pastor.

Rev. G. W. Glover said that if we loved God, we will keep his commandments. One of his commandments is that we should give the tenth of our increase to God. Then we will have pastors.

Bro. J. E. Crider made an excellent talk on the mission of woman in the church. He said that he believed in woman's work, and instead of restricting her, he believed that we ought to loose her and let her go.

Bro. S. E. Brouster said he thought woman might preach or fill any of the offices of our church.

Bro. Henry Robinson said that the best use of woman's talent was to teach girls the love of God and the improvement of their lives.

Bro. G. H. Crider, Lowry, Ordway, McCaslin and others discussed the question.

Bro. Eli Nichols said he thought that it would not be long until a woman would be a man—that is, she would have all the powers of a man. He believed that she would have greater influence than man.

Bro. L. W. McGough believed that woman could not develop unless she was unrestricted.

Rev. J. N. McDonald said that woman had done and could do a great work without being ordained.

The speeches on this question showed only the skirmish lines of the great battle that is to be fought in the Presbytery over the Woman Eldership.

A programme was presented for the next meeting of the Association.

W. P. Black was re-elected Chairman and Eli Nichols Secretary.

APRIL 4, 1894

Princeton Presbytery met Tuesday evening, at 7:30 p. m.

The opening sermon was preached by Rev. J. N. McDonald, of the Elk Presbytery, from John 17:11:

A quorum not being present, Presbytery adjourned until tomorrow 8:30.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4.

Presbytery met Wednesday morning at 8:30. Half an hour was spent in devotional exercises, conducted by J. M. Hayden.

Elder W. P. Black was elected Moderator.

Bro. Watson, Lowry, Travis and Price were present. Bro. J. N. McDonald and G. W. Glover were present and will soon become members of this Presbytery.

The following churches were represented: Bayou Creek, Bethlehem, Carrsville, Cave Spring, Crayneville, Flat Rock, Fredonia, Good Spring, Hopewell, Liberty, Marion, New Salem, Piney Fork, Princeton, Sugar Grove and Weston.

Bells Mines, Oak Grove and Salem were not represented.

The discussion of the grouping of the churches occupied the morning session.

The question of publication was ably discussed. It was certainly demonstrated that every family ought to take the Cumberland Presbyterian.

The report of the Committee on Sunday Schools showed this worthy cause to be in a prosperous condition.

The spiritual condition of the church was reported in a prosperous condition.

The Presbytery considers it an offense worthy of church censure for a member of the church to take a single drink of intoxicating liquors as a beverage.

Rev. J. N. McDonald, pastor of Bethlehem and Fredonia congregations, is advancing in age but young in spirit.

Caldwell county sends two of their ex-legislators to Presbytery to represent two of her prominent churches;

J. E. Crider representing Fredonia and Eli Nichols representing Princeton.

The ability of W. P. Black, an elder from Bethlehem church, was shown in his election as Moderator of the Presbytery.

The Presbytery enjoyed having the feeble form and trembling voice of Rev. G. W. Crum.

An excellent dinner was served today for the benefit of Presbytery. All seemed to enjoy this part of the proceedings.

We had a large attendance at the Presbytery Wednesday.

The "woman eldership" will be the absorbing question of today. Nine o'clock is the special hour for the consideration of this question.

The question of grouping the churches was dismissed. A strong appeal was made by the Committee on Publication for the members of our church to take the church paper. The Committee on state of Religion and Sunday Schools reported a good spiritual interest in most parts of our Presbytery. The Presbytery did not vote for either amendment, but voted for the Constitution of the church to stand as it is.

Bayou Creek was selected as the place for the next meeting of Presbytery. Wednesday evening we had an excellent S. S. Institute, and Thursday evening an interesting missionary service.

JAMES F. PRICE, Stated Clerk.

## THE COLORED VOTERS,

A Number of them Ask for a Meeting and the Chairman Calls It.

We, the undersigned colored voters of Crittenden county, do respectfully ask our worthy Chairman, P. Johnson, of Marion, Crittenden county, Ky., to call the colored voters of the county together in a mass meeting at some suitable place in the county at an early date, to consider such things as may come before the meeting, and to consider our failure to get recognition on the county ticket, and to take such steps as will prove to be to our interest in the future, and bring the best results, and your petitioners will ever pray.

W. U. Luvall, M. S. Wilson, D. K. Louis, F. S. Wilson, Simon Wilson, Chas. Prichitt, Samson Hodge, Sam Crice, Wright Benton, R. J. Clement, Manor Jackson, E. Bigham, W. M. Wilson, R. H. Wheeler, A. D. Young, E. Threet, J. Louis, G. L. Armstrong, C. H. Harmon, L. McCaslin, W. C. Wilson, S. F. Pickering, S. Wheeler, B. Hughes, H. Rondo, F. Cobb.

To the Colored Voters of Crittenden County, State of Kentucky:

In response to the above named petition you are requested to meet in mass meeting at Marion, Ky., on Saturday, May 12th, 1894, to consider such matters as may come up before the meeting, and to transact some other business of vital importance. We hope to see a full delegation from every voting district throughout the county.

Respectfully,  
P. JOHNSON, Ch'n.  
T. Hughes, Sec'y.

## TOLU.

Loafing around on the corners, spinning yarns, seems to be quite fashionable.

Wm. Barnett is buying and shipping corn.

Foster Threlkeld and P. B. Croft went to Marion yesterday, it being Democratic day.

Madam rumor reports the Republican Salt river packet, loaded down to the guards last Saturday evening, and the probabilities are that the same old packet will get back about next November to freight off defeated Republicans. We write from a Democratic standpoint.

Our esteemed friend, A. J. Bennett says we are in the fight to win.

James H. Stone, one of Uncle Sam's gaugers, made a few government tracks in Tolu this week.

The post office at this place has changed hands. The new P. M. is a nice, clever gentleman.

Our little town can boast of having one of the best schools in the county. Old Bach.

Senator Hill made a speech in the Senate Tuesday. It was not a Democratic speech. Further comment is unnecessary, other than the suggestion that the New York Senator could appropriately use "e" instead of an "i" in spelling his name, if the name itself has any political significance.

## Under Bond.

Within the past few days Sheriff Franks has put under bond, Obe Simmons, indicted for a breach of the peace; Sam Martin indicted for breach of peace; R. M. Pogue wanted in Caldwell county to answer the charge of selling liquor without license.

## In Caldwell, Please.

That Baptist minister over in Crittenden who was expelled from church because he was sanctified, has our sympathy. It doesn't pay to be holy in these days of Breckinridgeism, and the old gentleman should have trimmed his sails to suit modern ideas. —Uniontown News.

## FREDONIA.

Marion Oliver, of Dycusburg, died of pneumonia last Wednesday, and was buried at the Hill graveyard two miles east of Fredonia on Thursday.

If you want an easy shave, or a stylish hair cut, call on Alfred Cowper, next door to Bugg & Loyd, Fredonia, Ky. Come Monday, Wednesday or Saturday.

John Clark, of Marion, was in town last Thursday wanting to see the building committee of the Baptist church, as he wants to furnish them the finishing lumber for the new church.

H. C. Turley's family, of Crider, were in town last Friday.

Prof. J. J. Nall went to Princeton last Saturday.

Mr. Henry Cassidy, an uncle of S. H. Cassidy, of Dycusburg, died last Sunday morning.

Do not forget the entertainment Friday night.

Monday morning a large brown otter passed along the fence by my garden up into Gid Dollar's field, and Joe Maxwell was going across the field it retraced its steps for 1 or 2 hundred yards and broke for the woods, with Joe making rapid strides after it. He was joined by 2 or 3 others and some dogs and in about a fourth of a mile it was caught and killed. While I lived in Humboldt, Tenn., there were several caught in the Forked river, and not far from the city, that were let black, and a great deal larger than the one killed here Monday.

S. C. Bennett will furnish you with carpeting in any quantity or of any quality you may select, and at prices that defy competition in this part of the State. See his samples and get his prices.

Clarence Nall was running to get out of the rain Monday, and ran against a twisted wire clothes line which gashed his nose, cheek and neck considerably, but the clothes line was knocked down by the sudden bumping.

Several of the farmers are not through stripping tobacco.

The ground has been too wet for much gardening to be done since the freeze which will make them late. Bad weather for chickens too.

Tom Morgan wants to see you at the "Racket."

I don't own the world but will sell you goods a little lower than some folks. Tom Morgan, at the "Racket."

Baby shoes 17 cts per pair at Tom Morgan's "Racket," Fredonia.

B. A. Jacobs went to Princeton Monday.

J. T. Woolf can furnish you with the best corn planter, and with any kind of implement you need to cultivate your crops; and at prices that defy competition.

J. C. Walters came home on a visit to his family Sunday evening. He is running a mill at Eddyville and will move there.

John Smith, who has been absent from his family for several months, came home a few days since for a short stay.

Sanders, the Monitor man, of Marion, was in town Tuesday.

## DYCUSBURG.

Tom P. Moore, T. J. Yeats and others of this place, were in Marion Monday.

Mr. Ed Howard, of Louisville, visited his mother this week.

Mrs. A. C. Crouch and Sam Burks have their new house of business almost complete.

Died at his home in this place Wednesday, the 4th. F. M. Oliver, of pneumonia fever. Marion, as he was familiarly called, was a good kind man and a model neighbor. He leaves a wife, one little boy and a host of friends to mourn his loss.

Jas. W. Brasher, J. A. Yandell, Geo. W. Parish and other prominent farmers of the county, were in town Monday.

T. H. Prewett wants a good young milk cow with a young calf.

A. S. Hard is the proudest man of the town since the convention Saturday. He thinks he knows he will be elected.

Died, of fever at the residence of S. H. Cassidy Sunday morning, Uncle Henry Cassidy. He was an old man and his death was expected. A number of relatives and friends attended the last services which took place at the Dycusburg cemetery on Sunday evening.

Are you going to pay me that little account you owe me? If not why not? I need the money to pay something I promised to long ago. Don't force me to put the account into the hands of officers for collection. But "something has to be did," and I want you to help do it. Come on quick and very much obliged.

T. H. Prewett.

Mr. Dick Smith an old and respected citizen of Livingston county, near Hillsville, died last Sunday of bowel trouble.

Carl T. Glenn has just received a nice new stock of groceries and confectioneries that he will sell as cheap as can be bought anywhere. Call on him.

T. H. Prewett will be agent for the Buckeye machine this season, and if you are thinking of buying any kind of machine, buggy or wagon it will pay you to see him.

## Monthly Crop Report.

The reports from the correspondents for the month of March are unusually large, and differ very much. All that were written before the freeze report the agricultural interest of the country in a very flourishing condition; all farm work well advanced; farmers ready to plant corn, wheat, rye, oats and barley; all looking as well as any one can remember to have seen them; grasses of all kinds were far advanced everywhere being planted; in fact every kind of vegetation indicated that winter was over. Those that were written after the freeze are very different. The condition of wheat is somewhat uncertain; all correspondents write that the early sown wheat "that which was jointing," has been killed, but that it will stand up and make some wheat, and that the late sown wheat is considerably damaged, and looks very badly frost burned. A few warm days will soon tell all—that it is killed. I will not undertake to make a per cent. of its present condition of the crop, for to add up all of my reports, those written before the freeze and those written after, will not give a correct statement. I will, therefore, wait another month, as there are a number of good farmers who say that they can not tell the extent of the damage until after the spring rains. The condition of the corn and barley crop is very similar to that of wheat; rye, being a much harder crop, is not damaged as much, but as they were all growing so rapidly, and so full of sap, the freeze coming so suddenly, some think that they have all suffered alike.

## CLOVER.

Nearly all of the correspondents report young clover all killed. This will be a very heavy loss to the farmers, as the seed was very high.

## OATS.

A correspondent from Stanford, Lincoln county, writes: "Oat crop generally killed by the late freeze; many are re-sowing." This is the report of nearly all the correspondents in regard to the oat crop. Nearly every correspondent writes: "Fruit of all kinds killed, except some late apples," but I think the grapes are not killed, nor are the strawberries and raspberries. The prevailing impression is that the peach trees are all killed. Some think all except the one and two year old trees.

## TOBACCO.

A correspondent in Germantown writes: "Tobacco plants and fruit all killed; re-sowing our tobacco beds." The reports vary as to tobacco beds, although there are a great many similar to the one above. Where the plants were well protected, there were a great many saved.

## CATTLE.

The number of two year old cattle that have been carried over and will be put to grazing the coming season is fully up to, if not above the average, to former seasons. There is an increase in per cent. over last year; per cent. 98.

## LAMBS.

The number of ewes are smaller than last year, but an increase of lambs on account of the very mild winter, per cent. 99.

## HOGS.

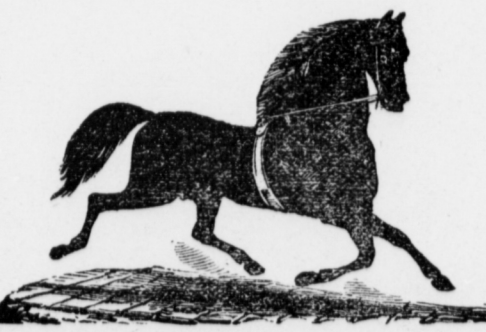
Hog cholera has been prevailing in some counties. Montgomery has lost a great many; also Madison, Clark and others that I could mention. The number of sows for breeding purposes has increased since last year, which will begin to make up the shortage in the hog crop. All other kinds of stock are in good condition, and are looking up to, if not above the average, to former seasons; correspondents report distemper among the horses; per cent. 90.

NICHOLAS DUVALL, Commissioner of Agriculture.

April 9, 1894.

The colored brother does not seem to be altogether satisfied. The excessive friendship of the Monitor for him does not quench thirst, satisfy hunger nor supply raiment.

## Tom Slasher.



One of the best blooded horses ever brought to Crittenden county is Tom Slasher owned by A. H. Cardin. For some years Mr. Cardin has been interesting himself in good stock, and his big farm 7 miles from Marion is getting to be headquarters for the best horses in the county. He has spared no pains nor money in securing good animals. His latest purchase is Tom Slasher and this fine animal we cheerfully recommend to breeders of this county.

## Description and Pedigree:

TOM SLASHER, bay stallion, foaled in spring of 1886, 15 1/2 hands high, bred and owned by J. B. Cranberry, Mt. Pleasant, Tenn. He was sired by Bay Tom, (p 4) 2 23 1-4, sire of Bay Tom, Jr., 2 30, and Fred Neal trail 2 24 1/2, etc., by Bledsoe's Tom Hal, sire of Kirtell's Knight Snow Heel, sire of Sweepstake dam of Hal Pointer, p 200, see No. 19 and 20 in record book. Tom Hal's dam by Knight's Snow Heel, sire of Knight's Tom Hal. First dam by Thompson's Slasher, and by Mountain Slasher.

TOM SLASHER is a horse of grand style and color heavy bone and tail, the very best of feet and legs, a capital saddle horse, and carries himself well. He has been driven on track just enough to break, and he paces a full mile in 2:35; with proper training he will make a race horse. Come and see the best and fastest saddle horse in this section of the country.

## What the Clergy Say About

—THE—

## ELECTROPOISE

Rev. Robert M. Barrett, Baptist Sonjuary, Louisville, Ky.:—"I gladly add my testimonial to that of many witnesses for the Electropoise. Besides other serious troubles, I have cured a severe attack of la grippe in one night's treatment."

Rev. W. W. Bruce, Hustonville, Ky.:—"With the Electropoise I have cured a bad case of opium habit in less than two months' time; the patient now has no desire for the drug."

Editorial from Central Methodist, Catlettsburg, Ky. Rev. Z. Meek, Editor:—"Unless ten thousand men, mainly professional men, lawyers, doctors, editors, preachers and all classes, including the writer, are very much mistaken, the Electropoise effects cures, gives relief where other remedies have failed; especially is it efficacious in delicate feeble women."

Rev. Geo. H. Means, Covington, Ky.:—"In one night's time the Electropoise relieved me of brain congestion and vertigo. My wife was relieved of a severe attack of neuralgia in one hour."

Rev. John I. Rogers, Danville, Ky.:—"A kinswoman of mine who was apparently rapidly sinking into the grave, suffering with sciatic rheumatism and in extreme pain day and night, in a very short time obtained freedom from all pain, walks without crutch or cane, and declares that she is well. It is a mystery to me, almost a miracle."

Rev. W. F. Wyatt, Morning View, Ky.:—"I began to improve from the first application of the 'wonder working gem' my general health is better than it has been in years. I believe it to be a God given remedy."

Address DuBois & Webb, 509 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky.

## CHEAP

FOR CASH.

We assert openly, boldly and without fear of having to take it back that we are headquarters for all goods in our line, and furthermore we will guarantee to save you money on every purchase of goods pertaining to our business. We buy our goods right, save our cash discounts, sell strictly for cash and positively defy competition in prices. This is big talk, but we mean it, every word. Call and see us. Our prices are our most convincing arguments. Don't be misled by any of our would-be competitors, but hold on to your money until you go to the Cheap Hardware Store of PIERCE & SON.



# STILL WE ARE IN THE LEAD,

## \$12,000 WORTH OF GOODS

### TO SELL FOR Spot Cash.

We will through the month of April sell from our large assortment of CLOTHING SHOES AND DRY GOODS

At Prices Never Heard of Before in Marion.

## \$15.00 Clay Worsted Suit of Clothes for \$10.00.

## Ladies Button Shoes Worth \$1.25 for 75cts.

## Ladies Slippers With Patent tip Worth \$1 for 50c

## Calicos 3 1-2cts per yard.

## Bleached and Brown Domestic,



# WE ARE THE PEOPLE TO TRADE WITH,

For We Always Lead in Low Prices.  
And Always Give You More Goods For The Money Than Others Can

SEE OUR GREAT LINE OF

## CLOTHING.

The Prices LOWER Than Were Ever Known.

Have just got back from market with a  
larger stock than ever. We bought it for the

### HARD CASH

and you bet we are selling them low down.

SEE OUR

## New Dress Goods. Gingham, Calicos.

AND EVERYTHING THAT IS NICE.

Our Shoes are the best, and PRICES LOWER than  
ALL OTHERS.

## We Keep The Newest Styles in Hats And Furnishing Goods.

### A Big Line of CARPETS and MATTINGS.

SEE OUR GOODS,  
GET OUR PRICES.

## PIERCE-YANDELL-GUGENHEIM CO.

INCORPORATED.

Cold snaps continue on tap.  
Mr. J. W. Blue is recovering slowly.

J. C. Elder, jr. went to Shawneetown, Ill., yesterday.  
Mr. Wm. Gray, of Princeton, was in town Monday.

Berry James will build a residence on Belleville street.

Mrs. R. N. Walker is visiting her son J. H. Walker in Henderson.

The Board of Magistrates meets again Tuesday week.

M. Schwab has purchased a building lot in East Marion.

On the 28th a 12 lb boy put in his appearance at Franklin James.

Hon. F. M. Clement is in Texas for a few weeks.

Get your time at \$1.00 per barre from Pierce & Son.

Quarterly Court Monday week. The docket is growing.

Even local fishing parties had their ambition frustrated yesterday.

Mr. W. G. Hammond, of Henderson, was in this city Wednesday.

Miss Mamie Cole, of Fredonia, is the guest of Miss Susie Wilborn.

Tom Guess was severely bruised by a kicking horse a few days ago.

Miss Sudie Walters, of Eddyville, is at Crittenden Springs.

Rev. Carter had a large congregation at the Baptist church Sunday.

The Schuberts April 26. Greatest musical attraction ever in Marion.

Mrs. A. Dewey will leave today for several weeks visit to Camellion, Ind.

Mrs. J. M. Horning, of Blackford, has the latest style in millinery goods.

Miss R. Becca Holt, of Sturgis, is the guest of Miss Mattie Henry, of this place.

Southern queen seed sweet potatoes \$1.00 per bushel at M. H. Weldon & Son.

Marriage licenses have issued to Wm. W. Grubbs and Miss Ida E. Bettis.

20 pounds of granulated sugar for \$1.00, 22 pounds light brown sugar for \$1.00. Fenton Griffith.

Miss Esther Smith, who has been in Caseyville for some time, returned to Marion Monday.

Mrs. J. M. Horning, Blackford, Ky., sells millinery goods cheaper than the cheapest.

Miss Laura Hurley came up from Hampton yesterday to attend the Dodge-Weldon nuptials.

Monday was not a good county court day. The horse "swappers" were rained out.

Don't forget we are headquarters for fresh groceries, fruits, candies, cakes, pies and delicacies of every kind. Thomas Bros.

Rev. W. H. Ligon and wife, of Salem, passed through town Tuesday, en route to Henderson county, to visit his relatives.

The Hoosier and Campbell corn drills are the best made. Be sure to examine the m before buying a drill. n43-4w Pierce & Son.

Mr. J. C. Elder, jr., returned from Butler's stemmy in Caldwell county Friday, having completed his work of putting up 216,874 pounds of good short strips.

We are glad to announce the rapid recovery of Mr. Ed McFee, who is in Florida. He has gained several pounds of flesh, and if he keeps on mending, may tackle Corbett.

About the 20th of April I will have for sale a large lot of flowers, including roses, geraniums, heliotropes, verbena, pansies, lilies, etc. Will sell them very cheap. Call at my house and see them. Mrs. R. C. Walker.

Virginia sorghum and all kinds of syrups in buckets, at prices cheaper than anyone at Weldon & Son.

And the few knotty, wormy peaches and apples left over from March are gone too.

The Butter and Cheese factory at this place is going to rust, because of litigation.

The music of the saw and hammer continues to float upon the atmosphere in and around Marion.

A few days ago Mrs. Carrie Maxwell accidentally stuck a nail in her foot and is suffering from the painful wound.

Jas. Taylor, a well known citizen of the Shady Grove neighborhood, died at his home Monday of consumption.

A new school district has been formed from Lone Star, Belmont and Crifer and a house will be built near Piney church. The new district will be known as Stonewall.

Mr. Tom P. Moore, the handsomest man in Dycusburg, was in Marion Monday. It is said that Tom has lived in Dycusburg 35 years in this was his first trip to Marion.

Deer Creek Church has called Eld. W. R. Gibbs to the pastorate of that church. He has the call under advisement, and the probabilities are that he will accept.

The first man offering to pay his tax for 1894, was Dick Greer, of Kelsey. The sheriff had not received his book and could not receipt Dick, but he expects to be ready for that business within a few days.

Mr. T. T. Murphy would not object to the Democratic nomination for Assessor. While not a candidate, he has been trying his running qualities by fox chasing and has so hardened his muscles until he thinks he can make it interesting for Della.

Don't throw your money and time away on cheap fertilizers. You can not afford to experiment in this line. We sell only fertilizers that have been thoroughly tried. Get our prices. n43-4w Pierce & Son.

Rev. Mr. Vernon, of Henderson, delivered a lecture at the Opera House Thursday night. The engagement had not been advertised very largely, and only a small audience greeted the divine. His subject was "On Horseback Through Palestine." The proceeds were for the benefit of the Christian church.

One of the most enterprising merchants in the county is E. C. Moore, of Mattoon. He carries a \$10,000 stock of goods, including dry goods, notions, hats, boots and shoes, groceries, farming implements, etc. His ambition is to be able to supply the people of his section with everything needed, and as cheap as purchasable anywhere. His enterprising spirit has made Mattoon a popular place, and his well known firmness as a merchant has made him a popular tradesman. He goes on the plan that nothing is too good for his customers, and with this in view he has taken special pains this spring in purchasing and for quality, variety, quantity and prices he guarantees to meet competition all along the line.

Razors For Your Whiskers. We have the largest and best line of razors ever shown in Marion. Our prices are from \$1.00 to \$2.00 and every one warranted. Also an immense line of knives and scissors of the very best brands at about half the regular price. The biggest bargains you ever saw. n43-2w Pierce & Son.

Cook, the photographer, makes a special offer to the people of Fredonia. Do not miss it if you want a good picture.

Yesterday Wm. Stone and Enoch Stone were examined by the pension board yesterday.

### HERE THEY ARE.

#### The Republicans Nominate Their Candidates for the County Offices.

Saturday was Republican day in Marion; and the boys were out in force. They began to come in the day before, and continued to arrive until Saturday noon, when the balloting commenced. The Republican County Committee, composed of sixty-six men from the various precincts convened in the opera house to make the nominations; the nominees were chosen by secret ballot—each committeeman writing the name of his choice on a slip of paper. The work was commenced at the head of the ticket, by nominating a candidate for County Judge. The ballot for each place was not made public. In the contest for the first place, however, Judge Moore was an easy winner. According to an unofficial report the ticket stood: Moore 41, Franklin 13, Paris 8, Walker 4.

No candidate for County Attorney was nominated.

It was late in the afternoon when the entire ticket was announced, as follows:

For County Judge—J. A. Moore. County Clerk—G. M. Crider. Sheriff—J. T. Franks. Assessor—J. F. Flannery. Jailor—A. S. Hard. Surveyor—Aaron Towery. Coroner—G. W. Perrigan.

After the nominations were all made, the doors were opened, and everybody invited in to hear the speeches.

The winners all made rousing speeches, thanking the committee and assuring the party that they were going to do all in their power to win. Several of the defeated candidates responded to calls for speeches. Some of the latter were happily made, while others had not recuperated from the shock of defeat. Among the defeated candidates who spoke were W. F. Paris, A. J. Bebout, McCaslin, Canada, Pickens, Gibbs, Woodall, Belmeier and Deboe.

AT IT AGAIN.

#### Ben King Attempts to Use a Knife on Ewel Moore.

Last Saturday afternoon Ben King and another young fellow were scuffling in the store room of Mr. E. C. Moore, the well known Mattoon merchant. Moore expostulated with them telling them to quit scuffling or get out of the house. This enraged young King and, with an open knife, he made a rush at Moore's throat, and latterward off the blow, and King made another stroke; this time a long slit was cut in Moore's clothing across the breast; by this time Moore wrenched the knife from his determined opponent, and other persons interfered and the matter was dropped. King apparently has an inclination for getting into difficulties of that kind. Two weeks ago he was fined \$100 for his part in an encounter.

The best harrow on the market is the English All-Purpose Harrow, sold by W. J. Elder. He sold 65 to the best farmers of Crittenden and Caldwell last season. He will call upon the farmers of Crittenden and all he asks is a hearing. See his harrow work.

John T. Holeman, a tramp printer, was on the rock pile the first of the week, for drunkenness.

C. L. Cook, the photographer, will be at Fredonia about the 20th. He does fine work.

### PREPARING FOR THE CONFLICT.

#### The Democrats Will Nominate County Candidates May 5th.

#### A Harmonious Mass Meeting.

Pursuant to the resolution passed at the meeting held on the first Monday, a mass meeting of Democrats was held at the court house Monday. Mr. R. L. Moore was made chairman of the meeting and R. C. Walker, Secretary. The chair stated that the object of the meeting was to discuss and decide upon the time and manner of nominating candidates. Speeches were made by E. H. Taylor, of Union; W. B. Wilborn, of Fords Ferry; J. P. Pierce, H. F. Ray, Wellington Jones, A. M. Baldwin, of Marion; Jno. Casner, Marion Ford, H. W. McKee, Piney; Judge Yates, P. K. Cooke, Geo. Groves, Owen Boaz, Geo. Boaz, of Dycusburg; A. J. Bennett, and Foster Threlkeld, of Hurricane; R. E. Flannery, of Sheridan; and S. O. Nunn, of Belle Mines. All counseled harmony and with one exception advocated leaving the nominations to be made by the county committee.

The following resolution was offered and unanimously adopted:

Resolved that this mass meeting of Crittenden county Democrats confer upon the committee of the Democratic party the power to meet on Saturday May 5th, to nominate and place in the field nominees for the county offices. Said committee to meet in the Opera House at 10 o'clock on above date.

Marion Ford and D. J. McDowell were elected to fill vacancies on the committee in Piney precinct.

#### A REDUCTION.

#### The State Board of Equalization Passes Upon Crittenden Assessment.

Under date of April 6, Hon. John S. Phillips, chairman of the State Board of Equalization, writes to County Judge Moore as follows:

"No committee appeared from your county, and this Board, after a careful review of your county, for final action, makes no change in your assessed value, further than to deduct fourteen per cent from assessed value of town lots."

While some other counties are raised, and a few get decreases on all classes of realty and personal property, Crittenden has no cause for complaint. Every year the State Board of Equalization makes a reduction in the assessed value of some property—upon the grounds, of course, that the property is assessed too high for taxation. No one has yet grumbled at this decrease.

#### County Court.

Owen Boaz qualified as assignee of Mitchell & Hard, the Dycusburg merchants, with T. P. Hard and G. L. Boaz as sureties.

Oscar Turner granted change in public road.

G. B. Johnson granted change in public road.

J. N. Towery granted change in public road.

Ordered that G. F. Jennings' road precinct be extended to include that part of the Marion-Piney road from the corporate limits of Marion to the old road on top of Wilson hill.

#### Deeds Recorded.

T. J. Davidson to Chas. F. Binkley 70 acres for \$390.

N. A. Ross and wife to L. H. Franklin, interest in land for \$60.

L. H. Franklin to N. T. Duncan, 122 acres for \$650.

### NO DAMAGES.

#### So Says the Jury in the Moore-Cruce Breach of Promise Case.

#### MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL OVERRULED.

The readers of the Press are well acquainted with the facts that led up to the suit of Miss Sallie Moore against Mr. L. W. Cruce, asking for \$10,000 for damages sustained in an alleged violation of marriage contract. It will be remembered that Miss Moore disappeared from her friends in New York and weeks afterward turned up with an infant, the paternity of which she charged to Mr. Cruce, the well known citizen of this county.

The case was called for trial in the circuit court Thursday, both sides announced ready, and a jury was speedily empaneled. The reading of depositions and taking of testimony occupied two days, and the attorneys completed their argument and the case went to the jury Saturday afternoon. Monday afternoon the jury filed into the court room and announced that they had agreed upon a verdict; and it was as follows:

"We the jury find for the defendant."

When the jury first began considering the case, six were for the plaintiff and proposed damages in sums ranging from \$5,000 to \$1,000, but after keeping the case two days all agreed to the verdict above.

The jurors in the case were W. B. Enoch, J. T. Riley, W. Y. Brasher, W. M. Hill, Jos. Rushing, Jno. Matthews, G. B. Brantley, J. G. Shreve, R. S. Cash, B. E. Martin, T. H. Roberts and R. S. Edwards. The verdict was signed by the first nine names; the three last refusing to agree to it. The law now provides that in civil cases three-fourths of the jury may render a verdict.

Tuesday morning Miss Moore's attorney entered a motion for a new trial. Judge Pratt overruled the motion. He said the instructions of the court were as favorable to the plaintiff as possible, and as the jury weighed the testimony, he would not disturb the verdict, unless there was a flagrant failure to properly weigh the evidence.

The following are the instructions of the court:

The court instructs the jury that if they believe from the evidence that the plaintiff, Sallie Moore, and the defendant, L. W. Cruce, entered into a contract of marriage, and set a time for that purpose, and if they further believe from the evidence that the said Sallie Moore was able, ready and willing to perform the contract on her part, and did offer to perform it, and that defendant failed to carry out such contract, then the law is for the plaintiff, and the jury will find for her such sum in damages as they believe from the evidence she has sustained, not to exceed the sum claimed in the petition.

A contract of marriage may be established either by express proof of the agreement, or by proof of circumstances from which it may reasonably be inferred. The court instructs the jury, if they believe from the evidence that the plaintiff, Sallie Moore, and the defendant, L. W. Cruce, entered into a marriage contract and set a time for its performance, and that before the time so designated by them was reached the defendant intermarried with some other lady, then no request or demand was required to be made by the plaintiff for the performance of the agreement, provided she was ready, able and willing to carry out the contract on her part.

The court further instructs the jury if they find from the evidence that the plaintiff, Sallie Moore, and the defendant, L. W. Cruce, entered into a marriage contract, and set a time for its performance, and that before the time so designated by them was reached the defendant intermarried with some other lady, then no request or demand was required to be made by the plaintiff for the performance of the agreement, provided she was ready, able and willing to carry out the contract on her part.

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if any, she incurred in preparing for the marriage; the pecuniary advantages which would have resulted from the performance of the contract; the injury to her feelings and the pain and mortification occasioned by a breach of the contract, so far as shown by the evidence. And they will award such a sum as they may find from the evidence she is entitled to receive, not to exceed the sum named in the petition.

The court instructs the jury that although they may believe from the evidence that Sallie Moore and the defendant mutually entered into a marriage contract and fixed a time for its performance, yet if they further find from the evidence that Sallie Moore has been guilty of acts of unchastity with other persons, or other misconduct showing she would be unfit companion in married life, then the jury may consider such acts and conduct in mitigation of damages.

The court instructs the jury, unless they believe from the evidence that Sallie Moore and defendant entered into a marriage contract, they will find for the defendant.

To authorize the jury to find a verdict for the plaintiff, the jury must believe from a preponderance of the evidence that a contract was made and a day fixed for the performance of the marriage, and that she was able and willing and ready to perform the same.

The court instructs the jury, that although they may believe from the evidence that Sallie Moore and the defendant entered into a marriage contract, yet if they further believe from the evidence that she has been guilty of acts of unchastity or other immoral conduct which shows her to be an unfit companion in married life, then defendant could lawfully refuse to perform said engagement, provided the jury also find from the evidence that defendant had no knowledge of her unchaste conduct when he made the contract, and that he renounced his promise by reason of her unchaste conduct when he discovered the same.

Friday the court dismissed absolutely the petition of McGraw vs. the town, and adjudged that the town recover cost. To this ruling the plaintiff objected and excepted, and prayed an appeal, which was granted.

The damage suit of Chas. Higgins vs. W. H. Clement, for \$5,000 damages for seduction of plaintiff's daughter, was compromised, the defendant promising to pay plaintiff \$50.00 and cost of suit.

Pierce & Son vs. O. V. railroad, judgment for plaintiff for \$65 damages.

The damage suit of J. R. McInt



# FURNITURE COFFINS.

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### MARION, KENTUCKY.

#### TO COOK EGGS.

The Way Given Is Both Delicate and Wholesome.

"A fried egg is just as wholesome as a poached one, if it be done properly." Such was the startling announcement made by a prominent New York physician. To fry properly, the fat must be smoking hot and the food drained on absorbent paper, than which nothing is better than the coarse yellow-brown sort used in meatshops. That is the whole secret.

Eggs are among the most valuable of our resources in providing for children. For them, as for adults, it is not possible to prescribe the best method of cooking. One doctor says they should merely be boiled to set by standing in hot water. Another tells his patients to drop them into boiling water and boil rapidly for twenty minutes, or until the yolk is like powder. Poaching is insisted upon by a third, whereas the personal experience of the writer is that they are far more indigestible done in that way than in any other. It seems, in short, a matter of individual idiosyncrasy as to the method best suited to each. An admirable method, not generally known, is steaming them in an egg boiler, under which there is a reversible cup for alcohol, so that they may be timed exactly and can be cooked hard or soft, according to taste.

#### CARING FOR THE CANARY.

If It Mopes and Has Homesickness Let It Have a Looking Glass.

The following interesting story of how a canary was cured of homesickness was told by a St. Louis physician. "Not long ago my wife purchased a canary at a bird store. It had been accustomed to companions of its kind at the store, but at our house it was entirely alone. The pretty little songster was extremely homesick, when it would not sing, it would not eat, but just drooped and seemed to be pining away. We talked to it and tried by every means in our power to cheer the bird up, but all in vain. My wife was on the point of carrying the bird back to the store when one day a friend said: 'Give him a piece of looking-glass.' Acting on this suggestion, she placed a piece of broken mirror about the size of a man's head on the outside of the cage. The little fellow hopped down from his perch almost immediately, and going up close, looked in, seeming delighted. He chirped and hopped about, singing all the pretty airs he was master of. He never was homesick after that. He spends most of his time before the glass, and when he goes to sleep at night he will cuddle down as close to the glass as he can, thinking, very likely, that he is getting near to the pretty bird he sees so often."

#### WHAT HE COULD DO.

Expressed an Opinion of His Own Capabilities and Performed It.

The city mission worker had a lot of boys from the street before him, trying to see what their capacities were for other work than wandering. He had called up several of them and questioned them, and came next to a red-headed youth of about 12. As the boy rose to be put through the course, one of the other boys prodded him with a pin. He jumped, of course, but being on his good behavior he managed to suppress his feelings, though it could be plainly seen that he was almost at the limit.

"You want work, too, do you?" asked the missionary kindly.

The boy merely nodded.

"What can you do?" inquired the missionary.

The boy could hold no longer.

"I kin lick de stuffin' out of de kid wot sticked me wid a pin, and I'm goin' to do it," he burst forth, and a few minutes later the job had been done thoroughly.

#### Just Imagine—Smithing.

In the early days in California, a young German, John G. Almondinger, wishing to Americanize himself as much as possible, applied to the legislature and had his name changed to John G. Almond. A few days later a man named John Smith applied to the same legislature, and, after reciting a long catalogue of the ills to which he was subject owing to his unfortunate common name, he said, in conclusion: "And whereas I have noticed that you have curtailed the name of J. G. Almondinger to J. G. Almond, and have not disposed of the 'inger,' which seems to be lying around loose, I respectfully request that the same may be added to my name." The result of this appeal is not stated.

#### The Hairpin to the Front.

That old joke about the usefulness of hairpins will have to be enlarged. It seems that men, too, have found out its capabilities. A Portland conductor on an electric car the other day, when a fuse burned out, bringing the car to a sudden stop, was hunted in vain in his pocket for some piece of wire or metal to start things again. But he was a man who had improved his advantages for learning, and entering the car, he asked if some lady would give him a hairpin. It was promptly forthcoming, put in place of the fuse, and the car started on again.

#### Came Pretty Near It.

In arguing a point before a judge of the superior court, Colonel Folk, of the Mountain circuit in North Carolina, laid down a very doubtful proposition of law. The judge eyed him a moment and queried: "Colonel Folk, do you think that is law?" The colonel gracefully bowed and replied: "Candor compels me to say that I do not, but I did not know how to do better for my honor." The judge deliberated a few moments and gravely replied: "That may be contempt of court, but it is a close shave."

#### REPRODUCED AT A RAPID RATE.

Prodigious Fecundity of an Insect Which Feeds on the Plant Kingdom.

The aphid, which is known by the common name of "plant louse," is an entomological enigma as well as an agricultural pest. The scientists do not pretend to know just exactly how many varieties of aphid browse on the green things of nature, but some authorities estimate them at 1,000, a large proportion of that number having been named and classified. A single insect of any of these species of aphids may become the progenitor of billions of young, even during its own lifetime. Latrielle, who is regarded as an acknowledged authority on this branch of entomology, makes some curious and interesting calculations. A female will produce young at the rate of about twenty-five a day during the summer months, and as each immediately becomes the progenitor of others, one aphid may possibly be the mother, grandmother, great-grandmother, etc., et al. of the enormous number of 5,001,500,000 individuals by the end of the season. You and Moore, who are equally as good authorities as Latrielle, extended this number into quintillions as being within the capabilities of a single mother's efforts. The late Professor Huxley once made a calculation which affords some idea of what a quintillion of aphids might mean: Assuming that an aphid will not weigh more than the one-thousandth part of a grain, and that a man must be very heavy in order to weigh more than 2,000,000 grains, the tenth brood of aphides alone, without adding the product of all the intermediate generations (if all the members of this immense family should survive the many dangers to which they are exposed), would contain more ponderable substance than 500,000,000 men. In other words, they would outweigh the entire population of China.

#### NEW WHITE METAL.

Much Lighter Than Aluminum and Besides This Transparent.

A man who has been chopping wood for a number of years in Pine Nut district of California has found a new metal. His store, over having been burned out, he took some clay from a large deposit he knew of near by, and mixing it with a little water, made a ball, built a fire in his stove and paid no more attention to it until next morning when he noticed his stove back was all gone and in the ashes he found a white, clear metal with scarcely any weight to it.

It would not break, so he put it on an old nail outside the cabin and hit it with a heavy hammer. It would draw out, but neither crack nor break. He has since experimented with it in various ways. The clay will melt like lead, but the metal produced will stand a heat like iron or steel and is very durable.

He beat out a piece four inches thick, six inches wide and eleven inches long. The block is transparent and only weighs nine ounces. He says there is no limit to the clay, as he has seen the same kind in several parts of that and other states. He melted out a block two feet square and sent it to the Midwinter fair for people to see.

#### The Fashionable School Hour.

Fashion, which rules so many of the details of daily life, seeks to invade the exclusive domain of school routine. Social customs have changed so much in recent years that it is contended that the rules that guided the programme of the day of our forefathers are no longer suited for the conditions of the present. People go to bed later than they used to. The time of meals has been changed, and so it is urged that the hour of opening schools should be postponed to 10 o'clock. The fashionable physician claims that the child of to-day gets up too late to properly appreciate the breakfast, which has to be boiled in order to get to school at 9 o'clock. The germs of dyspepsia are thus sown and the train of all the consequent ills of after life.

#### Stevenson's Mouse.

One of the quaint remembrances of Robert Louis Stevenson's South Sea life is that of his Honolulu mouse. A small, fat, hung over the couch where he used to lie when he was trying to forget his pain in "stooting" on his flagellate. Out on this shelf the little mouse would venture, and soon come as tame as a cat to the novelist's caresses. If it got no immediate attention it would scratch on the shelf and make a little whine or song to attract its friend, and after a time it actually persuaded its spouse to pay a daily visit to the musician in its company.

#### The Bright Side of It.

A man lost a bag of potatoes off his wagon as he came into Detroit the other morning, and as he did not become aware of his loss until he was in the market he felt that it would be useless to go back in search. He was feeling the loss very keenly until he suddenly realized that there was a bright side to it. Then his face put on a bright smile and he chuckled: "Come to think of it, it was one of those two-bushel bags which didn't have but a bushel and a half in, and the finder will get winded out of half a bushel at least!"

#### It Worked Both Ways.

John Milton was not a wit, yet he is reported to have made a crushing reply to a question from Charles the II. "Do you not think," said the king, "that your blindness is a judgment on you for having written in justification of my father's murder?" "Sir," replied the poet, "it is true I have lost my eyesight, but if all calamitous providences are to be regarded as divine judgments, your majesty should remember that your father lost his head."

#### AN HISTORIC CLOCK.

Which Ticked While Washington Was at the Lodge.

The grand lodge of Masons in New York has just come into possession of a very interesting relic in the shape of a grandfather's clock that struck the hours for Yorktown, lodge in the double days when George Washington, Lafayette and other officers of the Continental army used to visit it and attend its sessions. The lodge ceased to exist in 1812, and the old clock was probably sold with the rest of the furniture. It was unearthed in a Baltimore pawnshop by Dr. A. B. Lyman of Lyman, Md.

The doctor, who is a prominent Mason, had his attention attracted by the figuring on the dial, which proved to be a Masonic block. He traced back its history and established beyond doubt that it was made for the Yorktown lodge in 1781 by John Fisher, whose name and home town are engraved on the dial. Remembering the historical associations of that lodge, he was not slow in rescuing it from the pawnshop. The clock has been placed in the east end of the library at the Masonic temple. It is an eight-day clock, in a mahogany case and stands about eight feet high. On the brass dial are engraved the Masonic square and compass, the columns and the Masonic pavement, with the name, "John Fisher, Yorktown."

It shows the day of the month and the phases of the moon correctly. The moon is represented by the face of a young damsel with very ruddy cheeks that is alternately hidden behind a brass earth and a brass sun, the stars of the firmament stare in wonder.

Despite its 112 years, the old clock keeps good time. It strikes twelve sometimes when it should strike one, but the grand officers consider nothing against it. Modern clocks have been known to be as erratic. As to the phases of the moon, it is said that they have not varied from the almanac five minutes in two years.

#### AHEAD OF THE COWCATCHER.

How the Electric Headlight Is Now Used on Numerous Railroads.

The electric headlight is now used on many railroads, and W. B. Sparks, who is interested in a southern road, recently told a writer that his company had found it a very profitable investment. The lights cost about \$175 each, including the locomotive and they cost no more than the oil light to maintain. The old headlight would throw its light on a very dark night more than 150 feet, and it is impossible for an engineer to slow up his train in that distance. With the emergency brake. Quite an item in the expense of the road used to be claims for cattle killed. During the rainy season the lands along the line of road become very wet—in places they are entirely covered with water and the cattle come upon the track seeking some dry spot on which to sleep. When the old headlight was in use as many as thirteen cows have been killed at one time and the damage claims have sometimes amounted to over \$1,000 per month. Now the electric light throws its rays from half to three-quarters of a mile in front of the engine. Obstructions can be easily seen at that distance and some of the engineers insist that a switch diverter be more easily made out by it at night than in the daytime. The lights, moreover, do away with switch lights, which is quite a saving to roads that use them to any great extent. Mr. Sparks says that the engineers using the electric headlights on his road have never killed a cow, and he is confident that the saving in stock claims alone will more than pay for all the headlight on the road within two years.

#### One More Myth Busted.

The story that at the inauguration of Jefferson the president-elect rode alone to the capitol and hitched his own horse to the pilings before going in to be inaugurated was the invention of a lying English tailor, traveling in this country, who wrote the story home. He had not even visited the city of Washington. Jefferson, then boarded at Conrad's, less than a block away, and would hardly have mounted a horse to ride that distance. Lord Granville, Pitt's foreign secretary, who viewed the inauguration ceremonies, wrote that "the new president came from his lodgings to the capitol on foot, escorted by a body of military artillery from the neighborhood, and accompanied by the secretaries of the navy and treasury, and a large number of his friends in the house of representatives."

#### Fatal Field for Missionaries.

Sierra Leone, on the west coast of Africa, has sometimes been styled the "White Man's Grave," and no fewer than three bishops in succession died within three years of their coming to this country. In the first twenty years of the mission's existence fifty-three missionaries or missionaries' wives died at their posts. In 1823, out of five missionaries who went out, four died within six months; in the next year six volunteers were accepted, and of these two died within six months of their landing. These losses seemed to draw out more zeal, for next year three more went forth, of whom two died within six months.

#### Not Guilty of Lese-Majesty.

Some months ago a German tribunal on a provincial town sentenced a man to several months' imprisonment for lese-majesty, because he kept his seat while the emperor's health was drunk. Recently another prosecution occurred in another town, but the accused was acquitted, the judge declaring that keeping one's seat under such circumstances could not be regarded in the eyes of the law as an insult to his majesty, unless words were used clearly implying an insidious intent.

#### APPLIED SCIENCE.

Satisfactory gas pipes are now made of manila paper coated with asphalt.

Danish lighthouses are supplied with oil to pump on the waves in case of a storm.

The comptometer, a new calculating machine, is operated by keys like the newest typewriter.

It is estimated that one of the largest stones in the pyramids weighs fully eighty-eight tons.

A proposition for a great shipway through France, between the English channel and the Mediterranean, meets with much approval abroad.

Historic old Castle Garden has been converted into a magnificently appointed aquarium. The work on the building has been completed, and but little remains to be done in the interior.

A building permit has been granted in New York for a business edifice four feet nine inches by fifteen feet eight inches. It is to be used as an Italian fruit store, and the plans were drawn up by a regular architect.

Ready sensitized postal cards are now being placed upon the German market, so that the photographic tourist can very easily dispatch prints of the pictures he is making in his travels to his friends and relatives at home.

A French engineer has built an electric locomotive which carries a 500-horse power stationary steam engine. This runs a dynamo, which generates the current applied to the electric motors mounted on driving axles.

Cocoa and chocolate are prepared from the nuts by freeing them from the pulp and making them undergo a process similar to malting. They are afterwards roasted in a perforated cylinder and are then freed from their husks and made into cocoa or chocolate.

Dr. Gallipie reports to the French academy of sciences that after eight years' investigation he finds that all stones, such as gravel, found in the human body, are produced by microbes. Microbes are the authors of that chemical decomposition which results in calcareous deposits.

One of the difficulties which have stood in the way of the substitution of paper pulp for wood in the manufacture of pencils has been the toughness of the paper covering, and its consequent resistance to the action of a knife, but, by a new process which has lately been introduced, the molecular cohesion of the paper is modified in such a manner that it can be cut as easily as cedar wood.

#### MEANT TO AMUSE.

"I-I hardly—how many lodges are you a member of, Biram?" "Not one, Katie; not one." "Well, you may ask papa."

Sanso—There is one thing that every woman likes to have a finger in. Rod—What is that? Sanso—An engagement ring.

Watts—Doctor, what do you think of the water cure for furs? Dr. Brown—It might work all right on ready-made clothes.

Smith—Joy, breathlessly—Sister! Mr. Brown, dead! Sister—Sister! My fiancée, greatly excited—How do you know? Small Roy—I heard the men down town say he was busted.

Jack, to his fiancée—I think of getting a musical instrument, Maud. Say, Maud, I'm afraid I'm in a bit of a hurry. Oh, no, not that horrid thing. Jack, in surprise—And why not, dearest? Maud, blushing violently—It makes the lips so hard.

"Porter," said the man who finds fault, "there's a draught in my section of this sleeping car." "Well, sir," was the reply, accompanied by an outstretched hand, "dar ain't but one way ter get rid o' a draft." "What's that?" "Cash it."

#### NATURE'S HANDIWORK.

The most wonderful vegetation in the world is the truffler; it has neither roots, stems, leaves, flowers nor seeds. All the glaciers in the Alps would not equal in size one of the largest in the Territory of Alaska.

There are four unique mountains in Lower California, two of them, one of them and one of them, and one of them. It is estimated that in the four peaks there are 100,000,000 tons of pure alum and 1,000,000 tons of pure sulphur.

It is reported from the United States of Columbia that the enormous Amazon tree, which shaded the country houses at Saraguro, has been cut down by a misfortune.

The tall tree, one of the most useful plants in China, has two or three representatives in our Southern states. The latter, however, are small, and the former is a true tree. The tree is valuable to the Chinese for several purposes. Its seeds are thickly covered with a fatty substance, which, when steamed, produces a fat resembling tallow, greatly esteemed for candle making. The seeds also serve as a source of oil, by pressing, and a fine liquid oil. The tree produces a wood, which the natives use for building blocks, while its leaves turn a fine black dye.

#### CLARITIE SOAP.

IT IS THE PUREST, BEST & MOST ECONOMICAL.

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For Sale or Rent.

A good creek bottom farm adjoining and just below Hurricane camp ground, 153 and nearly 100 acres in cultivation. Two good houses, good stock barn, plenty of water, good orchard of 150 trees, about 40 bearing, 66 acres for corn this year, balance in clover and grass. Terms reasonable. Call at farm or address Dr. R. G. Carty, To'u, Ky.

#### Chamberlain's Eye and Ear Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Eye, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Pruritus, Scabies, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. 5 cents per box.

#### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. K. Woods.

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Fullman Vertified Train Service with Newest and Most Day Coaches, Sleepers and Dining Cars.

FROM THE SOUTH TO THE NORTH.

#### NOTICE.

To the Stockholders of the Ohio Valley Railway Company: You will take notice that a meeting of the stockholders of the Ohio Valley Railway Company is hereby called to convene at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of James F. Clay, in the city of Henderson, county of Henderson, State of Kentucky, on April 17, 1894, for the purpose of the meeting being to take into consideration, and to act, if so deemed advisable, upon the removal from office of the President, or any or all of the directors, and to fill the vacancies thus made in the same manner as would be done at an annual meeting, and to take into consideration the present affairs of the company, and determine what shall be done with the litigation now pending against it.

Witness the hands of stockholders owning more than one-fourth of all of the stock subscribed to the said company, this March 19.

S. S. Brown, E. Randolph Robinson, J. G. Kellogg, Jordan Giles, S. H. Lamb, D. H. Hughes, James F. Clay, WESBURN CONTRACT CO. By S. S. Brown, President.

"More the Merrier" Wash day a pleasure

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O. V. R. R.

TIME CARD.

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.

No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.
Evansville..... 7:30 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Henderson..... 8:15	8:15	8:15
Corydon..... 8:45	8:45	8:45
Morganfield..... 9:15	9:15	9:15
Sturgis..... 9:45	9:45	9:45
DeKoven..... 10:15	10:15	10:15
Morganfield..... 10:45	10:45	10:45
Gracey..... 11:15	11:15	11:15
Arrive Indianapolis..... 11:45	11:45	11:45

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.

No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.
Evansville..... 7:30 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Hopkinsville..... 8:15	8:15	8:15
Gracey..... 8:45	8:45	8:45
Cerulean Springs..... 9:15	9:15	9:15
Princeton..... 9:45	9:45	9:45
MAHON..... 10:15	10:15	10:15
Sturgis..... 10:45	10:45	10:45
DeKoven..... 11:15	11:15	11:15
Morganfield..... 11:45	11:45	11:45
Corydon..... 12:15	12:15	12:15
Arrive Evansville..... 12:45	12:45	12:45

T. C. JAMESON, Agent, Marion, Ky.

B. F. MITCHELL, G. P. A., Evansville, Ind.

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Having purchased the Walker & Olive Stock of Wall Paper, we offer for the next 30 days some

GREAT ARGAINS

in same Any price from 5 to 20 per roll.

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FREEMAN, THE JEWELER

By large odds carries the Largest as well as the best assorted stock of Gold and Silver Watches, the best line of Clocks and the Biggest line of Silverware in the County. Repairing of every kind promptly done and guaranteed.

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Contracts made for all kinds of buildings. Does the Best Work, at Remarkably Low Figures. Give him a trial.

#### L. St. L. & T. R. R.

TIME CARD.

GOING EAST.

No. 33. No. 34.

Ar Henderson..... 7:15 a.m. 3:30 p.m. || Ar Louisville..... 1:00 p.m. | 9:10 p.m. |

GOING WEST.

No. 33. No. 34.

Ar Louisville..... 6:30 p.m. 7:45 a.m. || Ar Henderson..... 12:30 a.m. | 1:25 p.m. |

H. C. MORDUE, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

#### Rev. F. C. Iglehart, New York, writes: "A corn on the toe is a thorn in the flesh, which 'C. C. Certain Corn Cure' most perfectly removes."

When Holy was the page, or the doctor.

When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.

When she was a Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had a baby, she gave them Castoria.

When she had a husband, she gave them Castoria.